

HIGHLAND FUNDS II
Highland Socially Responsible Equity Fund

**Supplement dated October 30, 2020 to the Summary Prospectus, Prospectus and Statement
of Additional Information (“SAI”) each dated January 31, 2020, as supplemented from time to time**

This Supplement provides new and additional information beyond that contained in the Summary Prospectuses, Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information and should be read in conjunction with the Summary Prospectuses, Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

The following information supplements and supersedes any information to the contrary contained in the Summary Prospectus, Prospectus and/or Statement of Additional Information of Highland Socially Responsible Equity Fund, a series of Highland Funds II (the “Trust”), each dated and supplemented as noted above.

Following discussions held at meetings on February 27-28, 2020, June 16-17, 2020 and October 28, 2020, the Board of Trustees (the “Board”) of Highland Funds I (the “HFI”) and Highland Funds II (the “HFII”) unanimously approved an Agreement and Plan of Reorganization (the “Plan”) for the reorganization of Highland Socially Responsible Fund (the “Acquired Fund”) into NexPoint Merger Arbitrage Fund (the “Acquiring Fund,” and together with the Acquired Fund, the “Funds”). Under the Plan, the Acquired Fund would be reorganized into the Acquiring Fund on or around January 15, 2021 (the “Closing Date”). Shareholders of record as of November 20, 2020, will be entitled to vote on the Plan.

Under the terms of the Plan and subject to shareholder approval at a shareholder meeting scheduled to be held on or about January 15, 2021, the reorganization will involve: (1) the Acquired Fund transferring all or substantially all of its assets and liabilities to the Acquiring Fund in exchange for shares of beneficial interest in the Acquiring Fund; and (2) the Acquired Fund distributing to its shareholders shares of the corresponding classes of the Acquiring Fund in exchange for such shareholders’ shares of the Acquired Fund in complete liquidation of the Acquired Fund and subsequent termination of the Acquired Fund (all of the foregoing transactions being referred to collectively as the “Reorganization”).

The Board approved the Plan after considering the recommendation of Highland Capital Management Fund Advisors, L.P. (the “Adviser”), the investment adviser to the Funds, and a variety of other factors and information, including that the Reorganization is expected to be a tax-free transaction for the Funds and their shareholders (which means that no gain or loss would be recognized directly by the Funds or their shareholders as a result of the Reorganization); the Adviser currently serves as the investment adviser to each of the Funds and will continue to serve as investment adviser to the Acquiring Fund; and James Dondero and Mike Hurley currently serve as the portfolio managers of the Acquired Fund and James Dondero, Brad Heiss and Eric Fritz currently serve as the portfolio managers of the Acquiring Fund and will continue to serve as portfolio managers of the Acquiring Fund. The Board also considered that although shareholders of the Acquired Fund pay higher overall fees, such fees are reasonable considering the Acquiring Fund offers (i) exposure to a market neutral strategy with less volatility, historically; (ii) a stronger historical performance record, although over a shorter period of time; and (iii) a better opportunity for the Fund to achieve economies of scale given demand for non-correlated alternative investments in the open-end fund space. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

Additionally, subject to the consummation of the Reorganization, the Adviser has agreed to keep the Acquiring Fund’s expense limitation agreement (“ELA”) in place for one year from the Closing Date. The ELA limits the Acquiring Fund’s total annual operating expenses (exclusive of fees paid by the Acquiring Fund pursuant to its distribution plan under Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, taxes, brokerage commissions and other transaction costs, interest payments, acquired fund fees and expenses, extraordinary expenses and dividend expense on short sales) to 1.50% of average daily net assets attributable to any class of the Acquiring Fund.

At any time prior to the Reorganization, shareholders may redeem shares of the Acquired Fund. Such a redemption would likely result in the recognition of gain or loss by the shareholder for U.S. federal income tax purposes, which would be taxable to a shareholder that holds the shares in a taxable account. Additionally, Acquired Fund shareholders will not incur any sales load or similar transaction charges as part of the Reorganization. Please contact the Adviser at 1-877-665-1287 if you have questions about the Reorganization or your account.

A special meeting of shareholders during which shareholders of the Acquired Fund will be asked to consider and vote on the Plan has been scheduled to be held on or about January 15, 2021. If shareholders of the Acquired Fund approve the reorganization, the reorganization is expected to take effect on or about January 15, 2021.

Shareholders of record of the Acquired Fund will receive a prospectus/proxy statement that will include important information regarding the Reorganization. Those shareholders should read that prospectus/proxy statement carefully when it is available. For more information regarding the Acquired or Acquiring Fund please call 1-877-665-1287 or visit the Funds' Web site at www.highlandfunds.com/literature or www.nexpointgroup.com/nexpoint-merger-arbitrage-fund/.

**INVESTORS SHOULD RETAIN THIS SUPPLEMENT WITH THE SUMMARY PROSPECTUS,
PROSPECTUS AND STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.**

HFII-HPE-SUPP2-1020

Highland Socially Responsible Equity Fund

Class A HPEAX Class C HPECX Class Y HPEYX

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's Statutory Prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's Statutory Prospectus, Statement of Additional Information and other information about the Fund online at <http://highlandfunds.com/highland-funds-2/>. You can also get this information at no cost by calling 1-877-665-1287 or by sending an e-mail request to info@highlandfunds.com. The Fund's Statutory Prospectus and Statement of Additional Information, both dated January 31, 2020, as supplemented, are incorporated by reference into this Summary Prospectus.

Beginning on January 1, 2021, as permitted by regulations adopted by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, paper copies of the Funds' annual and semi-annual shareholder reports will no longer be sent by mail, unless you specifically request paper copies of the reports. Instead, the reports will be made available on the Funds' website (highlandfunds.com), and you will be notified by mail each time a report is posted and provided with a website link to access the report.

If you already elected to receive shareholder reports electronically, you will not be affected by this change and you need not take any action. You may elect to receive shareholder reports and other communications from a Fund electronically by contacting your financial intermediary (such as a broker-dealer or bank) or, if you are a direct investor, by contacting the Funds' transfer agent at 1-877-665-1287.

You may elect to receive all reports in paper free of charge. If you invest through a financial intermediary, you can contact your financial intermediary to request that you continue to receive paper copies of your shareholder reports. If you invest directly with a Fund, you can call 1-877-665-1287 to let the Fund know you wish to continue receiving paper copies of your shareholder reports. Your election to receive reports in paper will apply to all funds held in your account if you invest through your financial intermediary or all funds held with the fund complex if you invest directly with a Fund.

Investment Objective

The investment objective of Highland Socially Responsible Equity Fund (formerly, Highland Premier Growth Equity Fund) ("Socially Responsible Equity Fund" or the "Fund") is to seek long-term growth of capital and future income rather than current income.

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

The following tables describe the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund.

You may qualify for sales charge discounts on purchases of Class A Shares if you and your family invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$50,000 in Highland Funds II equity funds and/or asset allocation funds, or at least \$100,000 in Highland Funds II fixed income funds. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and in the "Reduced Sales Charges for Class A Shares" section on page 51 of the Fund's Prospectus and the "Programs for Reducing or Eliminating Sales Charges" section on page 63 of the Fund's Statement of Additional Information. Investors investing in the Fund through an intermediary should consult the Appendix to the Fund's Prospectus, which includes information regarding financial intermediary-specific sales charges and related discount policies that apply to purchases through certain specified intermediaries.

Shareholder Fees (fees paid directly from your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class Y
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a % of offering price)	5.75%	None	None
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Reinvested Dividends and other Distributions (as a % of offering price)	None	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a % of the net asset value at the time of purchase or redemption, whichever is lower)	None ¹	1.00% ²	None
Exchange Fee	None	None	None
Redemption Fee	None	None	None

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)

	Class A	Class C	Class Y
Management Fee	0.60%	0.60%	0.60%
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) Fees	0.25%	1.00%	None
Other Expenses	0.66%	0.64%	0.60%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses	0.12%	0.12%	0.12%
Expense Reimbursement	0.06%	0.06%	0.07%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses ³	1.57%	2.30%	1.25%

¹ Class A Shares bought without an initial sales charge in accounts aggregating \$1 million or more at the time of purchase are subject to a 0.50% contingent deferred sales charge ("CDSC") if the shares are sold within one year of purchase.

- ² Class C Shares are subject to a 1% CDSC for redemptions of shares within one year of purchase. This CDSC does not apply to redemptions under a systematic withdrawal plan.
- ³ Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses differ from the ratio of expenses to average net assets shown in the Financial Highlights, which reflect the operating expenses of the Fund and do not include acquired fund fees and expenses.

Expense Example

This Example helps you compare the cost of investing in the Fund to the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that (i) you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then sell or redeem all your shares at the end of those periods, (ii) your investment has a 5% return each year, and (iii) operating expenses remain the same. Your actual costs may be higher or lower.

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Class A	\$726	\$1,042	\$1,381	\$2,335
Class C				
if you do not sell your shares	\$233	\$718	\$1,230	\$2,636
if you sold all your shares at the end of the period	\$333	\$718	\$1,230	\$2,636
Class Y	\$127	\$397	\$686	\$1,511

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Expense Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 807% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objectives by investing at least 80% of its net assets (plus any borrowings for investment purposes) under normal circumstances in equity securities, such as common and preferred stocks, of socially responsible companies. This investment policy may be changed by the Fund upon 60 days’ prior written notice to shareholders.

The Fund defines socially responsible companies as those contained in the MSCI KLD 400 Social Index (the “Index”), which is a capitalization weighted index of 400 U.S. securities that provides exposure to companies with outstanding Environmental, Social and Governance (“ESG”) ratings and excludes companies whose products have negative social or environmental impacts. Highland Capital Management Fund Advisors, L.P. (“HCMFA” or the “Adviser”) believes that using the Index as its investable universe is consistent with its obligations to investors because it provides investors with access to socially responsible stocks while applying the Adviser’s proprietary analysis in order to seek to provide

better risk-adjusted returns than the Index across a market cycle. The Index serves as the investable universe from which the Adviser chooses investments to meet its policy to invest at least 80% in socially responsible companies and against which the Adviser applies proprietary fundamental and technical criteria, which includes evaluations based on growth, value, trend and momentum.

The Fund may invest in equity securities of issuers of any market capitalization. Investment selection will be based on proprietary fundamental and technical criteria, which includes evaluations based on growth, value, trend and momentum. The Adviser seeks to achieve long-term growth of capital across a full market cycle by focusing on an investable universe it believes has a sustainable, long-term competitive advantage against the market and the potential for both capital appreciation and increasing dividends over time. The portfolio managers will employ both growth and value strategies, emphasizing those which are currently in favor based on market conditions. The Adviser will also employ methods which analyze the overall health of the markets with the intent of reducing equity holdings and raising cash during cyclical stock market downturns, commonly known as “bear markets.”

The portfolio managers also analyze a security’s volatility and thematic & sector trends when evaluating the portfolio and may consider selling a security when one of these characteristics no longer applies (or when more attractive alternatives are identified). The portfolio managers may actively hedge positions through the use of fully covered options strategies, such as buying puts, selling covered calls or fully funded spreads.

The Adviser intends to actively hedge market risk in several ways, including through the use of fully covered options strategies such as buying puts, selling calls or creating spreads. Additionally, the Adviser may invest long or short in exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”). The Adviser may also use cash as a strategic asset, meaning the Fund may maintain up to 20% of assets in cash for significant periods of time.

The Fund also may invest to a lesser extent in securities of foreign (non-U.S.) issuers and debt securities. The Fund may also sell securities short. The Fund may invest without limitation in warrants and may also use derivatives, primarily swaps (including equity, variance and volatility swaps), options and futures contracts on securities, interest rates, commodities and/or currencies, as substitutes for direct investments the Fund can make. The Fund may also use derivatives such as swaps, options (including options on futures), futures, and foreign currency transactions (e.g., foreign currency swaps, futures and forwards) to any extent deemed by the Adviser to be in the best interest of the Fund, and to the extent permitted by the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the “1940 Act”), to hedge various investments for risk management and speculative purposes.

The Adviser expects that the Fund's active or frequent trading of portfolio securities will result in a portfolio turnover rate in excess of 100% on an annual basis. As a result, the Fund may be more likely to realize capital gains, including short-term capital gains taxable as ordinary income, that must be distributed to shareholders as taxable income. High turnover may also cause the Fund to pay more brokerage commissions and to incur other transaction costs, which may detract from performance. The Fund's portfolio turnover rate and the amount of brokerage commissions and transaction costs it incurs will vary over time based on market conditions.

Principal Risks

When you sell Fund shares, they may be worth less than what you paid for them. Consequently, you can lose money by investing in the Fund. No assurance can be given that the Fund will achieve its investment objective, and investment results may vary substantially over time and from period to period. An investment in the Fund is not appropriate for all investors. Each risk summarized below is a principal risk of investing in the Fund, and different risks may be more significant at different times depending upon market conditions or other factors.

An investment in the Fund is not a deposit of any bank and is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or any other government agency.

Equity Securities Risk is the risk that stock prices will fall over short or long periods of time. In addition, common stocks represent a share of ownership in a company, and rank after bonds and preferred stock in their claim on the company's assets in the event of bankruptcy.

Socially Responsible Investment/ESG Risk is the risk that, because the Fund invests primarily in companies which are constituents of the Index and excludes securities of certain issuers that are not constituents of the Index, the Fund may underperform the broader equity market or other funds that do not utilize socially responsible, ESG, or sustainability criteria when selecting investments. In evaluating a company, the portfolio managers are dependent upon information and data controlled by the Index Provider (defined below) in maintaining the Index that may be incomplete, inaccurate or unavailable. This could cause the portfolio managers to invest in a company based on incorrectly assessed ESG performance. Additionally, ESG factors may be evaluated differently by different managers, and may mean different things to different people.

Industry Focus Risk is the risk that the Fund may be particularly susceptible to economic, political or regulatory events affecting those industries in which the Fund focuses its investments. Because the Fund currently focuses its investments in the information technology, industrials, healthcare, consumer discretionary and financials sectors, the Fund's performance largely depends on the overall condition

of these industries and the Fund is susceptible to economic, political and regulatory risks or other occurrences associated with these industries

Information Technology Sector Risk is the risk that the Fund may be impacted by risks faced by companies in the information technology sector. Information technology companies face intense competition and potentially rapid product obsolescence. They are also heavily dependent on intellectual property rights and may be adversely affected by the loss or impairment of those rights. Companies in the software industry may be adversely affected by, among other things, the decline or fluctuation of subscription renewal rates for their products and services and actual or perceived vulnerabilities in their products or services.

Counterparty Risk is the risk that a counterparty (the other party to a transaction or an agreement or the party with whom the Fund executes transactions) to a transaction with the Fund may be unable or unwilling to make timely principal, interest or settlement payments, or otherwise honor its obligations.

Currency Risk is the risk that fluctuations in exchange rates will adversely affect the value of the Fund's foreign currency holdings and investments denominated in foreign currencies.

Derivatives Risk is a combination of several risks, including the risks that: (1) an investment in a derivative instrument may not correlate well with the performance of the securities or asset class to which the Fund seeks exposure, (2) derivative contracts, including options, may expire worthless and the use of derivatives may result in losses to the Fund, (3) a derivative instrument entailing leverage may result in a loss greater than the principal amount invested, (4) derivatives not traded on an exchange may be subject to credit risk, for example, if the counterparty does not meet its obligations (see also "Counterparty Risk"), and (5) derivatives not traded on an exchange may be subject to liquidity risk and the related risk that the instrument is difficult or impossible to value accurately. As a general matter, when the Fund establishes certain derivative instrument positions, such as certain futures, options and forward contract positions, it will segregate liquid assets (such as cash, U.S. Treasury bonds or commercial paper) equivalent to the Fund's outstanding obligations under the contract or in connection with the position. In addition, changes in laws or regulations may make the use of derivatives more costly, may limit the availability of derivatives, or may otherwise adversely affect the use, value or performance of derivatives. The Fund's ability to pursue its investment strategy, including its strategy of investing in certain derivative instruments, may be limited to or adversely affected by the Fund's intention to qualify as a regulated investment company (a "RIC"), and its strategy may bear adversely on its ability to so qualify.

Exchange-Traded Funds ("ETF") Risk is the risk that the price movement of an ETF may not exactly track the underlying

index and may result in a loss. In addition, shareholders bear both their proportionate share of the Fund's expenses and similar expenses of the underlying investment company when the Fund invests in shares of another investment company.

Focused Investment Risk is the risk that although the Fund is a diversified fund, it may invest in securities of a limited number of issuers in an effort to achieve a potentially greater investment return than a fund that invests in a larger number of issuers. As a result, price movements of a single issuer's securities will have a greater impact on the Fund's net asset value, causing it to fluctuate more than that of a more widely diversified fund.

Growth Investing Risk is the risk of investing in growth stocks that may be more volatile than other stocks because they are more sensitive to investor perceptions of the issuing company's growth potential. Growth-oriented funds will typically underperform when value investing is in favor.

Hedging Risk is the risk that, although intended to limit or reduce investment risk, hedging strategies may also limit or reduce the potential for profit. There is no assurance that hedging strategies will be successful.

Large-Cap Company Risk is the risk that large-cap companies are sometimes unable to attain the high growth rates of successful, smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion. Larger, more established companies may be unable to respond quickly to new competitive challenges such as changes in consumer tastes or innovative smaller competitors potentially resulting in lower market valuations or pricing for their common stock.

Mid-Cap Company Risk is the risk that investing in securities of mid-cap companies may entail greater risks than investments in larger, more established companies. Mid-cap companies tend to have more narrow product lines, more limited financial resources and a more limited trading market for their stocks, as compared with larger companies. As a result, their stock prices may decline significantly as market conditions change.

Operational and Technology Risk is the risk that cyber-attacks, disruptions, or failures that affect the Fund's service providers, counterparties, market participants, or issuers of securities held by the Fund may adversely affect the Fund and its shareholders, including by causing losses for the Fund or impairing Fund operations. The Fund and its Adviser have limited ability to prevent or mitigate cyber security incidents affecting third-party service providers.

Options Risk is the risk associated with investments in options. Options, such as covered calls and covered puts, are subject to the risk that significant differences between the securities and options markets could result in an imperfect correlation between these markets.

Other Investment Companies Risk is the risk that when the Fund invests a portion of its assets in investment companies, including open-end funds, closed-end funds, ETFs and other types of investment companies, those assets will be subject to the risks of the purchased investment companies' portfolio securities, and a shareholder in the Fund will bear not only his or her proportionate share of the Fund's expenses, but also indirectly the expenses of the purchased investment companies. Risks associated with investments in closed-end funds also generally include market risk, leverage risk, risk of market price discount from NAV, risk of anti-takeover provisions and non-diversification

Portfolio Turnover Risk is the risk that high portfolio turnover will increase a Fund's transaction costs and may result in increased realization of net short-term capital gains (which are taxable to shareholders as ordinary income when distributed to them), higher taxable distributions and lower after-tax performance.

Securities Market Risk is the risk that the value of securities owned by the Fund may go up or down, sometimes rapidly or unpredictably, due to factors affecting particular companies or the securities markets generally. A general downturn in the securities market may cause multiple asset classes to decline in value simultaneously. Many factors can affect this value and you may lose money by investing in the Fund.

Short Sales Risk is the risk of loss associated with any appreciation on the price of a security borrowed in connection with a short sale. The Fund may engage in short sales that are not made "against-the-box," which means that the Fund may sell short securities even when they are not actually owned or otherwise covered at all times during the period the short position is open. Short sales that are not made "against-the-box" involve unlimited loss potential since the market price of securities sold short may continuously increase.

Small-Cap Company Risk is the risk that investing in the securities of small-cap companies either directly or indirectly through investments in ETFs, closed-end funds or mutual funds ("Underlying Funds") may pose greater market and liquidity risks than larger, more established companies, because of limited product lines and/or operating history, limited financial resources, limited trading markets, and the potential lack of management depth. In addition, the securities of such companies are typically more volatile than securities of larger capitalization companies.

Swaps Risk involves both the risks associated with an investment in the underlying investments or instruments (including equity investments) and counterparty risk. In a standard over-the-counter ("OTC") swap transaction, two parties agree to exchange the returns, differentials in rates of return or some other amount calculated based on the "notional amount" of predetermined investments or instruments, which may be adjusted for an interest factor.

Swaps can involve greater risks than direct investments in securities, because swaps may be leveraged and OTC swaps are subject to counterparty risk (e.g., the risk of a counterparty's defaulting on the obligation or bankruptcy), credit risk and pricing risk (i.e., swaps may be difficult to value). Swaps may also be considered illiquid. Certain swap transactions, including interest rate swaps and index credit default swaps, may be subject to mandatory clearing and exchange trading, although the swaps in which the Fund will invest are not currently subject to mandatory clearing and exchange trading. The use of swaps is a highly specialized activity which involves investment techniques, risk analyses and tax planning different from those associated with ordinary portfolio securities transactions. The value of swaps, like many other derivatives, may move in unexpected ways and may result in losses for the Fund.

Value Investing Risk is the risk of investing in undervalued stocks that may not realize their perceived value for extended periods of time or may never realize their perceived value. Value stocks may respond differently to market and other developments than other types of stocks. Value-oriented funds will typically underperform when growth investing is in favor.

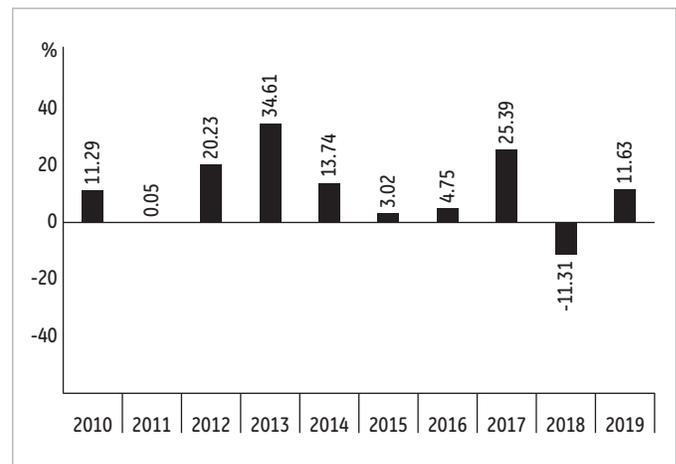
Performance

The bar chart and the Average Annual Total Returns table below provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the performance of the Fund's Class A Shares for each full calendar year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns compare with the returns of a broad-based securities market index or indices. As with all mutual funds, the Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) does not predict how the Fund will perform in the future. The Fund's performance prior to July 17, 2019 reflects returns achieved when the Fund was named Highland Premier Growth Equity Fund and did not pursue a strategy to invest in socially responsible companies. The Fund's performance prior to February 1, 2016 reflects returns achieved when the Fund was sub-advised. The Fund's performance prior to February 18, 2011 reflects returns achieved when the Fund was managed by a different investment adviser. If the Fund's current management had been in place for the prior periods, the performance information shown would have been different. The Fund's performance reflects applicable fee waivers and/or expense limitations in effect during the periods presented, without which returns would have been lower. Both the chart and the table assume the reinvestment of dividends and distributions. The bar chart does not reflect the deduction of applicable sales charges for Class A Shares. If sales charges had been reflected, the returns for Class A Shares would be less than those shown below. The returns of Class C and Class Y Shares would have substantially similar returns as Class A because the classes are invested in the same portfolio of securities

and the annual returns would differ only to the extent that the classes have different expenses (including sales charges). Updated information on the Fund's performance can be obtained by visiting <https://highlandfunds.com/funds/or> by calling 1-877-665-1287.

Calendar Year Total Returns

The bar chart shows the performance of the Fund's Class A shares as of December 31.



The highest calendar quarter total return for Class A Shares of the Fund was 7.50% for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 and the lowest calendar quarter total return was -16.29% for the quarter ended December 31, 2018.

Average Annual Total Returns

(For the periods ended December 31, 2019)

	1 Year	5 Years	10 Years
Class A (inception 12/31/96)			
Return Before Taxes	5.21%	4.78%	9.98%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	5.03%	0.50%	7.37%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares ¹	3.44%	3.09%	7.95%
Return Before Taxes			
Class C (inception 9/30/99)	9.68%	5.22%	9.80%
Class Y (inception 12/31/96)	11.95%	6.29%	10.91%
S&P 500® Value Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	31.92%	9.51%	12.14%
S&P 500® Growth Index ² (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	31.13%	13.50%	14.76%
MSCI KLD 400 Social Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	31.63%	11.57%	—

¹ The 1 Year "Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares" loss for the period is offset by a capital loss benefit for the assumed sale of Fund shares. The 1 Year "Return After Taxes on Distributions" does not include an assumed sale for this period, therefore, this return does not reflect the offsetting capital loss.

² Prior to March 15, 2019, the Fund compared its performance to the S&P 500® Growth Index. After this date, to better reflect the universe of investment opportunities based on the Fund's investment strategy, the Fund added the S&P 500® Value Index as the primary benchmark to which the Fund compares its performance.

After-tax returns in the table above are shown for Class A Shares only and after-tax returns for other share classes will vary. After-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes. Actual after-tax returns depend on an investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. For example, after-tax returns shown are not relevant to investors who hold their Fund shares through tax-advantaged arrangements, such as 401(k) plans or individual retirement accounts.

In some cases, average annual return after taxes on distributions and sale of fund shares may be higher than the return before taxes and the average annual return after taxes on distributions because of realized losses that would have been sustained upon the sale of fund shares immediately after the relevant periods. The calculations assume that an investor holds the shares in a taxable account, is in the actual historical highest individual federal marginal income tax bracket for each year and would have been able to immediately utilize the full realized loss to reduce his or her federal tax liability. However, actual individual tax results may vary and investors should consult their tax advisers regarding their personal tax situations.

Portfolio Management

Highland Capital Management Fund Advisors, L.P. serves as the investment adviser to the Fund. The primary individual portfolio managers for the Fund are:

Portfolio Manager	Portfolio Manager	
	Experience in this Fund	Title with Adviser
James Dondero	4 years	President and Co-Founder
Mike Hurley	1 year	Chief Market Strategist

Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares

Purchase minimum (for Class A and Class C Shares) (reduced for certain accounts)

	By mail	By wire	Automatic
Initial Investment	\$500	\$1,000	\$25
Subsequent Investments	\$100	\$1,000	\$25

There is no program asset size or minimum investment requirements for initial and subsequent purchases of shares by eligible omnibus account investors.

Purchase minimum (for Class Y Shares) (eligible investors only)

Initial Investment	None
Subsequent Investments	None

Class Y Shares are available to investors who invest through programs or platforms maintained by an authorized financial intermediary.

Individual investors that invest directly with the Fund are not eligible to invest in Class Y Shares.

The Fund reserves the right to apply or waive investment minimums under certain circumstances as described in the Prospectus under the "Choosing a Share Class" section.

You may purchase shares of the Fund by mail, bank wire, electronic funds transfer or by telephone after you have opened an account with the Fund. You may obtain an account application from your financial intermediary, from the Fund by calling 1-877-665-1287 or from the Fund's website at <http://highlandfunds.com/literature>.

In general, you may sell (redeem) all or part of your Fund shares on any business day through the following options:

- Through your Financial Intermediary
- By writing to Highland Funds II — Highland Socially Responsible Equity Fund, PO Box 219424, Kansas City, Missouri 64121-9424, or
- By calling DST Asset Manager Solutions, Inc. at 1-877-665-1287

Financial intermediaries may independently charge fees for shareholder transactions or for advisory services. Please see their materials for details.

Tax Information

The Fund intends to make distributions that generally will be taxable to you as ordinary income, qualified dividend income or capital gains, unless you are a tax-exempt investor or otherwise investing in the Fund through a tax-advantaged arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account. If you are investing in the Fund through a tax-advantaged arrangement, you may be taxed later upon withdrawals from that arrangement.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

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